

Page 1 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 Revision: 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

Article number: D110

UFI: A190-A082-600E-9HNQ

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Additive

Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GERMAN ADLER GmbH Kennedyallee 93 D-60596 Frankfurt am Main Tel.: +49 69 697 692 10 Fax: +49 69 697 692 15 E-Mail info@german-adler.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

Informationszentrale gegen Vergiftung Bonn, Tel.: +49 228 19240

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Acute Tox.	4	H332-Harmful if inhaled.

Eye Dam. 1 H318-Causes serious eye damage.

Asp. Tox. 1 H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aquatic Chronic 3 H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)



Page 2 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 Revision: 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER



H332-Harmful if inhaled. H318-Causes serious eye damage. H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.

P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P271-Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273-Avoid release to the environment. P280-Wear eye protection / face protection.

P301+P310-IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor. P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P315-Get immediate medical advice / attention. P331-Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405-Store locked up.

P501-Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal facility.

EUH066-Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Tricarbonyl(methylcyclopentadienyl)manganese

Bornan-2-one

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119457273-39-XXXX
Index	
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	918-481-9
CAS	
content %	80-90
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	EUH066
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Bornan-2-one	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119966156-31-XXXX
Index	
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	200-945-0
CAS	76-22-2
content %	1-5



Page 3 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 Revision: 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors

Flam. Sol. 2, H228 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318

STOT SE 2, H371 (lung) (as inhalation)

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119456620-43-XXXX
Index	
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	926-141-6
CAS	
content %	1-5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	EUH066
	Asn Tox 1 H304

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119463588-24-XXXX
Index	
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	919-284-0
CAS	(64742-94-5)
content %	1-<2,5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	EUH066
	Carc. 2, H351
	STOT SE 3, H336
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Tricarbonyl(methylcyclopentadienyl)manganese	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119495971-23-XXXX
Index	
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	235-166-5
CAS	12108-13-3
content %	0,1-<1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 1, H330
	Acute Tox. 2, H310
	Acute Tox. 3, H301
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)

Naphthalene	Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.
Registration number (REACH)	
Index	601-052-00-2
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	202-049-5
CAS	91-20-3
content %	0,1-<0,25
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H302
	Carc. 2, H351
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

If, for example, the note P is applied for a hydrocarbon then this has already been taken into account for the classification named here. Quote: "Note P - The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7)."

Article 4 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) was also observed and taken into account for the classification named here. A classification for the mixture with Carc. 2, H351 is not required as the naphthalene content in the product is < 1%. There are no other ingredients with this classification.

The addition of the highest concentrations listed here can result in a classification. Only when this classification is listed in Section 2 does it apply. In all other cases the total concentration is below the classification.



Page 4 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 Revision: 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!

Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water - call doctor immediately, have Data Sheet available.

Protect uninjured eye.

Follow-up examination by an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Do not induce vomiting. Consult doctor immediately.

Danger of aspiration.

In case of vomiting, keep head low so that the stomach content does not reach the lungs.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

Drying of the skin.

Dermatitis (skin inflammation)

Ingestion:

Nausea

Vomiting Danger of aspiration.

Oedema of the lungs

Chemical pneumonitis (condition similar to pneumonia)

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Gastric lavage (stomach washing) only under endotracheal intubation.

Subsequent observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Oxides of nitrogen

Toxic vapours

Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated

Explosive vapour/air or gas/air mixtures.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary.

Cool container at risk with water.



Page 5 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 Revision: 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.

Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.

Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.

Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.

Keep unprotected persons away.

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.1.2 For emergency responders

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

Prevent from entering drainage system.

If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13. Fill the absorbed material into lockable containers.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.

Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

Do not carry cleaning cloths soaked in product in trouser pockets.

Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.

Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.

Store product closed and only in original packing.

Under all circumstances prevent penetration into the soil.

Store in a well ventilated place.

Store cool.

Store in a dry place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

Observe the instructions for good working practice and the recommendations for risk assessment.

Consult hazardous substance information systems, e.g. from the professional associations, the chemical industry or different industries, depending on the application (building materials, wood, chemistry, laboratory, leather, metal).



Page 6 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 Revision: 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40): 800 mg/m3

Chemical Name	Lludracarbana C1	0.012 n. olkonos, isosalkanos, sus	diag 20/ gramatics	
	Hydrocarbons, C1	0-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyc WEL-STEL:	clics, <2% aromatics	
WEL-TWA: 800 mg/m3			04.00.574)	
Monitoring procedures:		Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (
		Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 0)3 581)	
	-	Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)		
BMGV:				DEL acc. to RCP-method,
			paragraphs 84-87, EH	40)
Chemical Name	Bornan-2-one			
WEL-TWA: 2 ppm (12 mg/m3)		WEL-STEL: 3 ppm (19 mg/m	13)	
Monitoring procedures:			,	
BMGV:			Other information:	-
Chemical Name		1-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyc	clics, <2% aromatics	
WEL-TWA: 1200 mg/m3 (>=C7 nor	mal and branched	WEL-STEL:		
chain alkanes)				
Monitoring procedures:		Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (
		Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 0	03 581)	
	-	Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)		
BMGV:			Other information:	-
Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons C1	0, aromatics, >1% naphthalene		
WEL-TWA: 500 mg/m3 (Aromatics)		WEL-STEL:		
Monitoring procedures:		Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571)	
Workering procedures.		Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 (
		Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	33 301)	
BMGV:		Compai - KITA-187 3 (331 174)	Otherinformation:	_
DIVIGV:			Other Information.	
Chemical Name	Naphthalene			
WEL-TWA: 500 mg/m3 (Aromatics)	(WEL), 10 ppm	WEL-STEL:		
(50 mg/m3) (EU)				
Monitoring procedures:	-	Compur - KITA-153 U(C) (551 18	2)	
	=	NIOSH 5506 (POLYNUCLEAR A	ROMATIC HYDROCARB	ONS by HPLC) - 1998
	-	NIOSH 5515 (POLYNUCLEAR A	ROMATIC HYDROCARB	ONS by GC) - 1994
		· - OSHA	35 (Napthalene) - 1982	- ,
BMGV:			Other information:	-
			1	

Bornan-2-one						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	1,71	μg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,171	μg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,139	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,017	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,013	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	1,71	µg/l	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	4,348	mg/m3	



Page 7 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 **Revision:** 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	5	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	5	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	17,632	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/kg bw/d	

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	7,5	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	32	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	7,5	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	12,5	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	151	mg/m3	

Area of application	Exposure route /	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environmental					
	compartment					
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,21	μg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,021	μg/l	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic	DNEL	0,6	mg/m3	
		effects				
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic	DNEL	0,11	mg/kg	
		effects			bw/day	

Naphthalene						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	2,4	μg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,24	μg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	2,9	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,0672	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,0672	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,0533	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,02	mg/l	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,57	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	25	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	25	mg/m3	

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW =

[&]quot;Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). (8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the



Page 8 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 Revision: 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).

(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.

These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.

EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN ISO 374).

Recommended

Protective Neoprene® / polychloroprene gloves (EN ISO 374).

Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).

Protective Viton® / fluoroelastomer gloves (EN ISO 374).

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

> 0,35

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

> 240 - 480

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:

If OES or MEL is exceeded.

Gas mask filter A (EN 14387), code colour brown

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account. Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.



Page 9 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 Revision: 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Colour: Yellow, Clear

Odour: Characteristic

Melting point/freezing point: There is no information available on this parameter. Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: There is no information available on this parameter.

Flammability: Flammable

Lower explosion limit: There is no information available on this parameter. Upper explosion limit: There is no information available on this parameter.

Flash point:

Auto-ignition temperature: There is no information available on this parameter. Decomposition temperature: There is no information available on this parameter. pH: There is no information available on this parameter.

Kinematic viscosity:

<7 mm2/s (40°C) Solubility: There is no information available on this parameter.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): Does not apply to mixtures.

Vapour pressure: There is no information available on this parameter.

Density and/or relative density: 0.81 a/ml (15°C)

Relative vapour density: There is no information available on this parameter.

Particle characteristics: Does not apply to liquids.

9.2 Other information

Explosives: Product is not explosive.

Oxidising liquids:

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong alkalis.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Avoid contact with strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Octane Booster						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	14,87	mg/l/4h			calculated value,
						Vapours
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	1,006	mg/l/4h			calculated value,
						Aerosol



Page 10 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Skin corrosion/irritation:	Repeated
	exposure may
	cause skin
	dryness or
	cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:	n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin	n.d.a.
sensitisation:	
Germ cell mutagenicity:	n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:	negative, the
	real
	Naphthalene
	content is <1%
Reproductive toxicity:	n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity -	n.d.a.
single exposure (STOT-SE):	
Specific target organ toxicity -	n.d.a.
repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	
Aspiration hazard:	n.d.a.
Symptoms:	n.d.a.

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral	Analogous
					Toxicity)	conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute	Analogous
					Dermal Toxicity)	conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>4951	mg/m3/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute	Analogous
					Inhalation Toxicity)	conclusion,
						Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:					OECD 404 (Acute	Not irritant,
					Dermal	Analogous
					Irritation/Corrosion)	conclusion
Serious eye damage/irritation:					OECD 405 (Acute Eye	Not irritant,
					Irritation/Corrosion)	Analogous
						conclusion
Respiratory or skin					OECD 406 (Skin	Not sensitizising.
sensitisation:					Sensitisation)	Analogous
						conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro	Negative,
					Mammalian	Analogous
					Chromosome	conclusion
					Aberration Test)	
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 474 (Mammalian	Negative,
					Erythrocyte	Analogous
					Micronucleus Test)	conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella	OECD 471 (Bacterial	Negative
				typhimurium	Reverse Mutation Test)	
Carcinogenicity:					OECD 453 (Combined	Negative,
					Chronic	Analogous
					Toxicity/Carcinogenicity	conclusion
					Studies)	
Reproductive toxicity:					OECD 414 (Prenatal	Negative,
					Developmental Toxicity	Analogous
					Study)	conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity -					OECD 408 (Repeated	Negative,
repeated exposure (STOT-RE):					Dose 90-Day Oral	Analogous
					Toxicity Study in	conclusion
					Rodents)	
Aspiration hazard:						Yes



Page 11 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Symptoms:			unconsciousness
			, headaches,
			dizziness,
			mucous
			membrane
			irritation

Bornan-2-one							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes	
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 423 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>10000	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Dust(~2h)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:					OECD 439 (In Vitro Skin Irritation - Reconstructed Human Epidermis Test Method)	Skin Irrit. 2	
Serious eye damage/irritation:					OECD 437 (Bovine Corneal Opacity + Permeability Test for Identif. Ocular Corros. + Severe Irritants)	Eye Dam. 1	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitizising	
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative	
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 475 (Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						STOT SE 2	

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alka	anes, isoalkan	es, cyclics, <2	2% aromatics			
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral	
					Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute	
					Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5000	mg/m3/8h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute	Vapours
					Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:					OECD 404 (Acute	Analogous
					Dermal	conclusion,
					Irritation/Corrosion)	Drying of the
						skin., Dermatitis
						(skin
						inflammation)
Serious eye damage/irritation:					OECD 405 (Acute Eye	Analogous
					Irritation/Corrosion)	conclusion,
						Slightly irritant
Respiratory or skin				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin	No (skin
sensitisation:					Sensitisation)	contact),
						Analogous
						conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	in vivo	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella	OECD 471 (Bacterial	Negative,
				typhimurium	Reverse Mutation Test)	Analogous
					,	conclusion



Page 12 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro	Negative
					Mammalian	
					Chromosome	
					Aberration Test)	
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro	Negative,
					Mammalian Cell Gene	Analogous
					Mutation Test)	conclusion
Carcinogenicity:					OECD 453 (Combined	Analogous
					Chronic	conclusion,
					Toxicity/Carcinogenicity	Negative
					Studies)	
Reproductive toxicity:					OECD 414 (Prenatal	Analogous
					Developmental Toxicity	conclusion,
					Study)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity -						Analogous
single exposure (STOT-SE):						conclusion, No
						indications of
						such an effect.
Specific target organ toxicity -	NOAEL	>=1000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated	
repeated exposure (STOT-RE):			bw/d		Dose 90-Day Oral	
					Toxicity Study in	
					Rodents)	
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						drying of the
						skin.,
						headaches,
						fatigue,
						dizziness,
						nausea,
						diarrhoea,
						vomiting

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 420 (Acute Oral toxicity - Fixe Dose Procedure)	
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	6318	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>4688	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Analogous conclusion
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact), Analogous conclusion



Page 13 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian	OECD 479 (Genetic	Negative,
9 ,					Toxicology - In Vitro	Analogous
					Sister Chromatid	conclusion
					Exchange assay in	
					Mammalian Cells)	
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella	OECD 471 (Bacterial	Negative,
Common managementy.				typhimurium	Reverse Mutation Test)	Analogous
				тургштанатт	rtovoroo matation rooty	conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro	Negative,
Germ centridiageriicity.					Mammalian	Analogous
					Chromosome	conclusionChines
					Aberration Test)	
Corm call mutaganiaitus				Mayraa		e hamster
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian	Negative
					Erythrocyte	
					Micronucleus Test)	
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian	OECD 475 (Mammalian	Negative,
					Bone Marrow	Analogous
					Chromosome	conclusion
					Aberration Test)	
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL	>450	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 415 (One-	Negative,
(Developmental toxicity):					Generation	Analogous
					Reproduction Toxicity	conclusion
					Study)	
Reproductive toxicity (Effects				Rat	OECD 415 (One-	Negative,
on fertility):					Generation	Analogous
······································					ReproductionToxicity	conclusion
					Study)	CONTOIGNOT
Reproductive toxicity:					OECD 414 (Prenatal	Negative,
reproductive toxicity.					Developmental Toxicity	Analogous
Depre du ativa taviait a					Study)	conclusion
Reproductive toxicity:					OECD 416 (Two-	Negative,
					generation	Analogous
					ReproductionToxicity	conclusion
					Study)	
Specific target organ toxicity -						Vapours may
single exposure (STOT-SE):						cause
						drowsiness and
						dizziness.,
						STOT SE 3,
						H336
Specific target organ toxicity -					OECD 452 (Chronic	Negative,
repeated exposure (STOT-RE):					Toxicity Studies)	Analogous
,					,	conclusion
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Specific target organ toxicity -	NOAEL	750	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated	Negative,
repeated exposure (STOT-RE),			33		Dose 90-Day Oral	Analogous
oral:					Toxicity Study in	conclusion
					Rodents)	301101001011
Symptoms:		+			r.oucinoj	drowsiness,
Cymptoms.						headaches.
						drowsiness,
0	NOAT	405	"	D-1	0505 444 (0.1.1	dizziness
Specific target organ toxicity -	NOAEL	495	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 411 (Subchronic	Negative,
repeated exposure (STOT-RE),					Dermal Toxicity - 90-day	Analogous
dermal:					Study)	conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity -	NOAEL	1000	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 413 (Subchronic	Negative,
repeated exposure (STOT-RE),					Inhalation Toxicity - 90-	Analogous
repeated exposure (OTOTTL),						3

Tricarbonyl(methylcyclopentadienyl)manganese								
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes		
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	51,8	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral			
					Toxicity)			



Page 14 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	140	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute	
					Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,076	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute	Vapours
					Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute	Not irritant
					Dermal	
					Irritation/Corrosion)	
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye	Not irritant
, 3					Irritation/Corrosion)	
Respiratory or skin				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin	No (skin contact)
sensitisation:				1 0	Sensitisation)	,
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella	OECD 471 (Bacterial	Negative
0 ,				typhimurium	Reverse Mutation Test)	
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 478 (Genetic	Negative
,					Toxicology - Rodent	3
					dominant Lethal Test)	
Reproductive toxicity				Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal	Negative
(Developmental toxicity):					Developmental Toxicity	
(Bovolopinomai toxiony).					Study)	
Reproductive toxicity				Rat	OECD 421	Negative
(Developmental toxicity):					(Reproduction/Developm	
(Bovolopinoniai toxiolty).					ental Toxicity Screening	
					Test)	
Reproductive toxicity (Effects				Rat	OECD 421	Negative
on fertility):				rac	(Reproduction/Developm	riogativo
on retuity).					ental Toxicity Screening	
					Test)	
Symptoms:					1001)	breathing
Cymptomo.						difficulties,
						annoyance,
						headaches,
						cramps,
						dizziness,
						nausea
Specific target organ toxicity -	NOAEL	3	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 413 (Subchronic	nausea
	NOAEL	٥	mg/ma	Nat		
repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:					Inhalation Toxicity - 90-	
maiat					Day Study)	

Naphthalene						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	490	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2500	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>110	mg/l/4h	Rat		Vapours
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LD50	>0,4	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		No (skin contact)
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	120	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Female
Reproductive toxicity:	LOAEL	50	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Female
Reproductive toxicity:	LOAEL	450	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Female
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	LOAEL	400	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), dermal:	NOAEL	1000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity - 90-day Study)	



Page 15 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 Revision: 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	LOAEL	0,011	mg/l	Rat	OECD 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity - 90- Day Study)	Vapours
Symptoms:						lack of appetite, ataxia, breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, diarrhoea, cornea opacity, headaches, cramps, gastrointestinal disturbances, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting., sweating, Reddening, eyes, reddened

11.2. Information on other hazards

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply
						to mixtures.
Other information:						No other
						relevant
						information
						available on
						adverse effects
						on health.

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Other information:	•					Repeated
						exposure may
						cause skin
						dryness or
						cracking.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and							n.d.a.
degradability:							
12.3. Bioaccumulative							n.d.a.
ootential:							
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT							n.d.a.
and vPvB assessment							
12.6. Endocrine							Does not apply
disrupting properties:							to mixtures.



Page 16 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

12.7. Other adverse		No information
effects:		available on
		other adverse
		effects on the
		environment.

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOELR	28d	0,101	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EL50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOELR	21d	0,176	mg/l	Daphnia magna	,	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EL50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriell a subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	80	%	activated sludge	OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability- Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		10-2500				High
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Other organisms:	EL50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Tetrahymen pyriformis		
Water solubility:							Product floats or the water surface.

Bornan-2-one							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	33,25	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	4,23	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	1,71	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriell a subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	0,032	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriell a subcapitata	OEĆD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	77	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability- Manometric RespirometryTest)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,414				



Page 17 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>100	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209	
					_	(Activated Sludge,	
						Respiration	
						Inhibition Test	
						(Carbon and	
						Àmmonium	
						Oxidation))	

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOELR	28d	0,17	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOELR	21d	1,22	mg/l	Daphnia magna	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EL50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOELR	72h	1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriell a subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	69	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability- Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		6-8				High
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Water solubility:							Insoluble

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	2-5	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	3-10	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	0,48	mg/l	Daphnia magna	,	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EL50	72h	11	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriell a subcapitata		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOELR	72h	2,5	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriell a subcapitata		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	58	%	activated sludge	OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability- Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable, Analogous conclusion
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,8-6,5				High
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		99-5780				High
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance



Page 18 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 Revision: 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	0,21	mg/l	Cyprinus carpio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	0,21- 0,34	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	,	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	0,83	mg/l	Daphnia magna		EPA OTS 797.1300
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	48h	0,29	mg/l	Daphnia magna		EPA OTS 797.1300
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	48h	1,7	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriell a subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		56d	1	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Not readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		3,4				
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		200				Lowfishes

Naphthalene							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1,99	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		Does not conform with EU classification.
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	0,51	mg/l			
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	0,11	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	>60d	0,6	mg/l	Daphnia pulex		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	1,6-24,1	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	LC50	4h	2,96	mg/l	Selenastrum capricornutum		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	0,4	mg/l	Skeletonema costatum		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	2	%			Not readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	28d	40-300				Lowfish
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Koc		817				
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Koc		240- 1300				
Other information:	BOD5		0	%			
Other information:	COD		22	%			
Other information:	Log Pow		3,3				

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product. Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be

allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

13 07 03 other fuels (including mixtures)

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

For contaminated packing material



Page 19 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 Revision: 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Empty container completely.

Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number: Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): Not applicable Not applicable 14.4. Packing group: 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable Tunnel restriction code: Not applicable Classification code: Not applicable Not applicable LQ: Transport category: Not applicable

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.1. UN number or ID number: Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): Not applicable 14.4. Packing group: Not applicable 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable Marine Pollutant: Not applicable Not applicable FmS:

Transport by air (IATA)

14.1. UN number or ID number: Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): Not applicable 14.4. Packing group: Not applicable 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:

Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection (national implementation of the Directive 92/85/EEC)! Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC):

94,4 %

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

3

Revised sections:

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.



Page 20 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 Revision: 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Classification based on toxicological analyses.
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents.

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H371 May cause damage to organs by inhalation.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H228 Flammable solid.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation

Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard

Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Flam. Sol. — Flammable solid

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

STOT SE - Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Carc. — Carcinogenicity

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral

Aquatic Acute — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

Key literature references and sources for data:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.

Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).

Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).

Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.

ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.

GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).

German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).

EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.

National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.

Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:



Page 21 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Printing date: 23.05.2024 Version number 5 **Revision:** 23.05.2024

Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the

International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)

Acute Toxicity Estimate ATE

Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany) BAM

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentrationfactor

BSEF The International Bromine Council

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances CLP

and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level DNEL Derived No Effect Level DOC Dissolved organic carbon

dw dry weight

for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance e.a.

EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)

European Community ECHA European Chemicals Agency

ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect

European Economic Community EEC

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

FΝ European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

ErCx, $E\mu Cx$, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)

etc. et cetera ΕU **European Union**

EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer

Fax number Fax. aen. general

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals GHS

GWP Global warming potential

Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil Koc

octanol-water partition coefficient Kow

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer International Air Transport Association IATA

International Bulk Chemical (Code) IBC (Code)

International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IMDG-code

including, inclusive

IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil Log Koc Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient

LQ Limited Quantities

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

n.a. not applicable not available n.av. not checked n.c. n.d.a. no data available

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)

NLP No-longer-Polymer

NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

organic

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic



Page 22 of 22

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

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Product name: GERMAN ADLER OCTANE BOOSTER

PE Polyethylene

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

ppm parts per million PVC Polyvinylchloride

REACHRegistration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration,

Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)

REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List

Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.

RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail) SVHC Substances of Very High Concern

Tel. Telephone

TOC Total organic carbon

UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge. No responsibility.